TCEQ Emissions Inventory (EI) & EPA Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)

Report by Pasadena CAC Plants 2018 Data and Trends

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ENTERPRISE PRODUCTS
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Emissions, Air Quality, & Health

- Emissions come from many sources, including industry.
- Minimizing emissions improves air quality, which is good for health and the environment.
- Tonight's report: air emissions from PCAC plants
- Other meetings focus on health data and health research.

Why Do Emissions Reports?

If you measure it, you manage it

- >Learn what PCAC plants release
 - •Including pollutants contributing to ozone formation
- Help public learn about chemicals in the community
- >Tool for helping PCAC hold plants accountable
 - By looking at industry trends and specific plants
 - By sharing questions, concerns and suggestions
- Plants may learn from their own reports and others

Data from Two Inventories

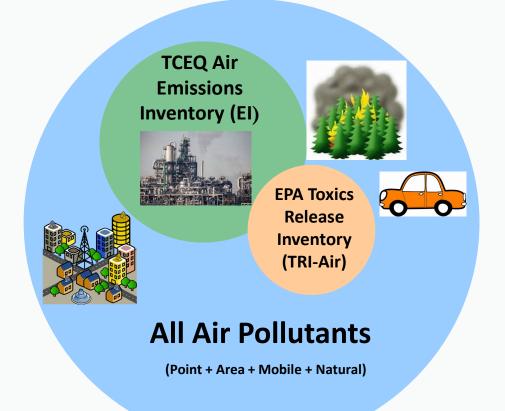
TCEQ Air Emissions Inventory (EI)

- Reported by major sources annually to Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)
- Just air -- all air releases of covered pollutants

EPA Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)

- Reported annually to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by plants in certain kinds of business if plant has chemicals on TRI list above a set amount.
- Releases to environment (air, land, water) and transfers off the plant site for further waste treatment or disposal, and more.
- PCAC report includes only TRI Releases to Air

Industry Reporting of Air Emissions

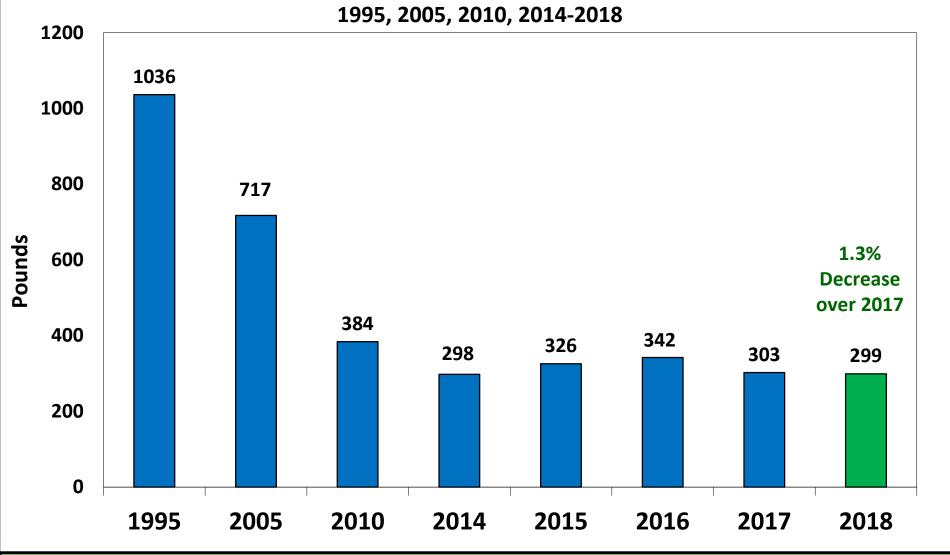


El and TRI Overlap

Not to scale

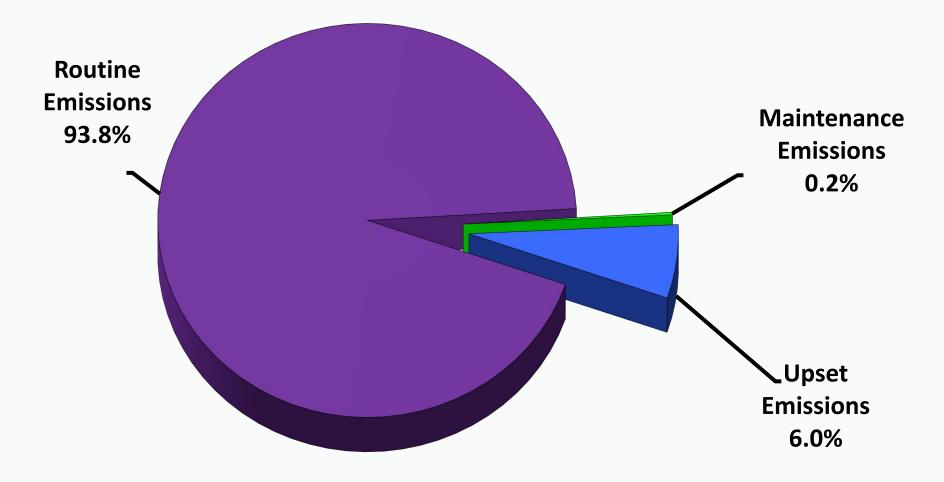
TCEQ Air Emissions Inventory (EI) Trends in PCAC Plants

Pounds of El per Million Pounds of Products for PCAC Plants



1995→2018: 71% Reduction in El Emissions per Million Pounds of Product Since 1995, PCAC plants have produced 50-57 billion pounds of product each year.

2018 Full Emissions Inventory by Cause



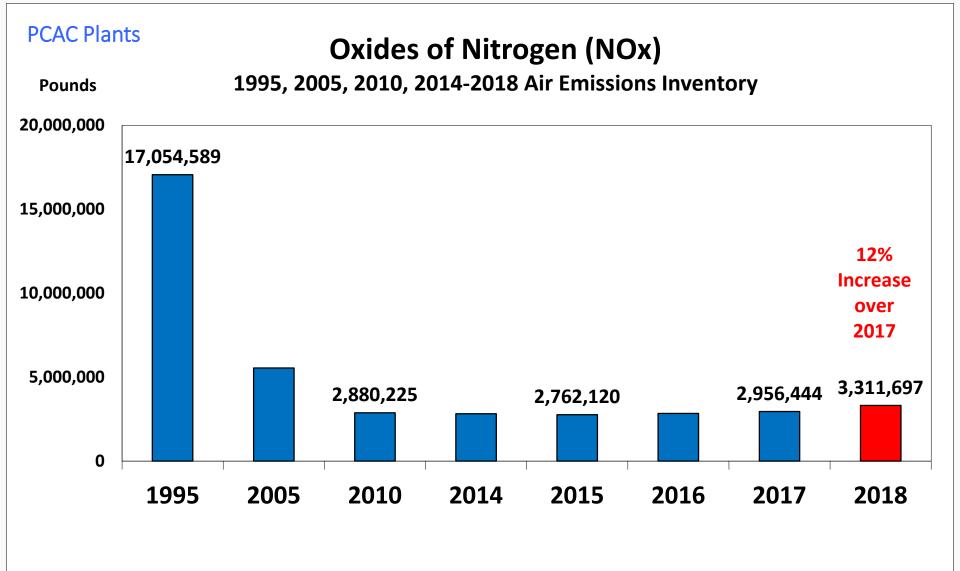
Criteria Air Pollutants in El

4 of the criteria air pollutants- subject to National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)

- Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)- ozone precursor
- Oxides of Sulfur (SOx)
- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- Total Suspended Particulates (TSP)/PM 2.5

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)- ozone precursors subject to other rules

 Highly Reactive VOCs (HRVOCs), a subset of VOCs, contribute more to ozone formation



1995→2018: 83% Reduction in NOx Emissions

Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) 2018 Significant Changes

Increases

Pasadena Refining (+308,981 lbs.)

Annual Operating Hours increased in 2018. [A major maintenance turnaround occurred in 2017, as well as Hurricane Harvey. These events reduced operating rates/hours for multiple process units in the refinery during 2017.]

BASF (+5,760 lbs.)

Plant operated for the full year

Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) 2018 Significant Changes

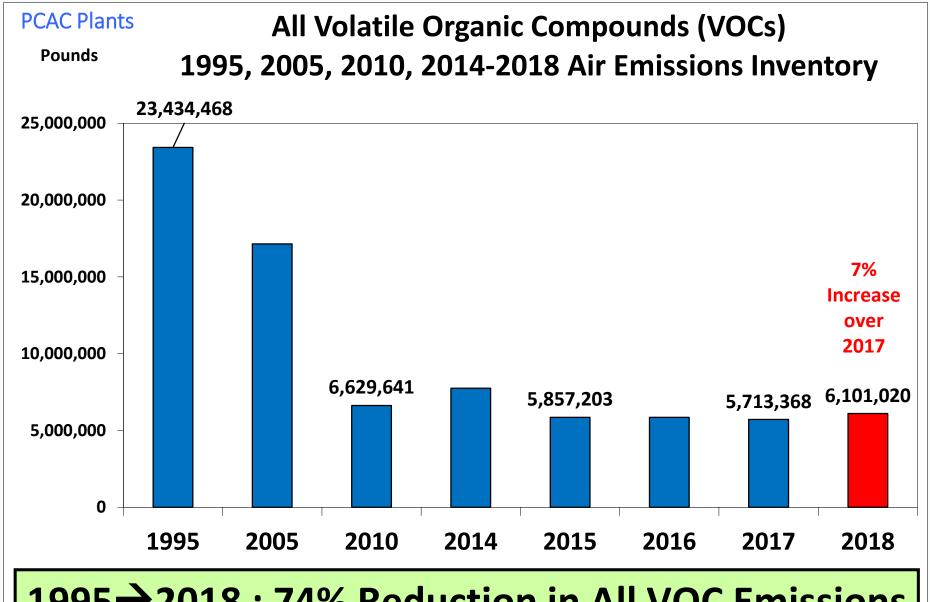
Decreases

Kinder Morgan Liquids Terminal (-21,857 lbs.)

NOx emission factor (EF) representations were updated based on the latest Vapor Combustion Unit (VCU) stack test results and engine manufacturer's specifications.

Gulf Coast Authority (-10,134 lbs.)

Operating hours of equipment decreased from project related work.



1995 -> 2018 : 74% Reduction in All VOC Emissions

All Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) 2018 Significant Changes

<u>Increases</u>

Pasadena Refining (+531,477 lbs.)

- > Primarily from an emission event in 2018
- ➤ Some impact also from increased annual operating hours in 2018

BASF (+26,179 lbs.)

Plant operated for the full year

All Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) 2018 Significant Changes

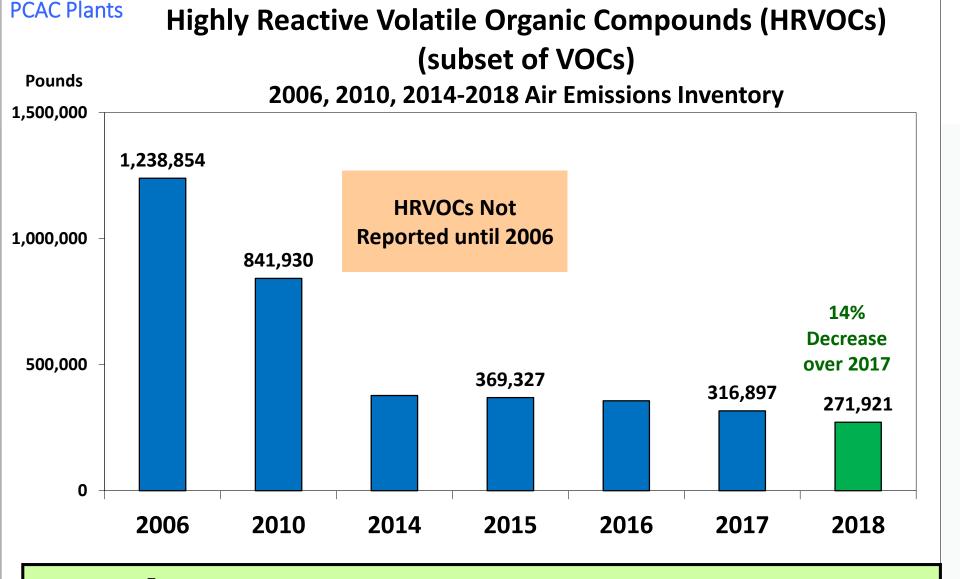
Decreases

Chevron Phillips (-140,101 lbs.)

Expect improved fugitives leak detection and repair (LDAR) performance to continue. Vent control project emission reductions are sustainable.

Gulf Coast Authority (-8,330 lbs.)

>Temporary- decreased VOCs in waste water from industrial users.



2006→2018: 78% Reduction in HRVOC Emissions

Highly Reactive Volatile Organic Compounds (HRVOCs) (subset of VOCs) 2018 Significant Changes

Increases

LyondellBasell Refinery (+7,647 lbs.)

Normal year to year variation in cooling towers, fugitives, and flares; made correction to prior year number

BASF (+4,317 lbs.)

Plant operated for the full year

Highly Reactive Volatile Organic Compounds (HRVOCs) (subset of VOCs) 2018 Significant Changes

Decreases

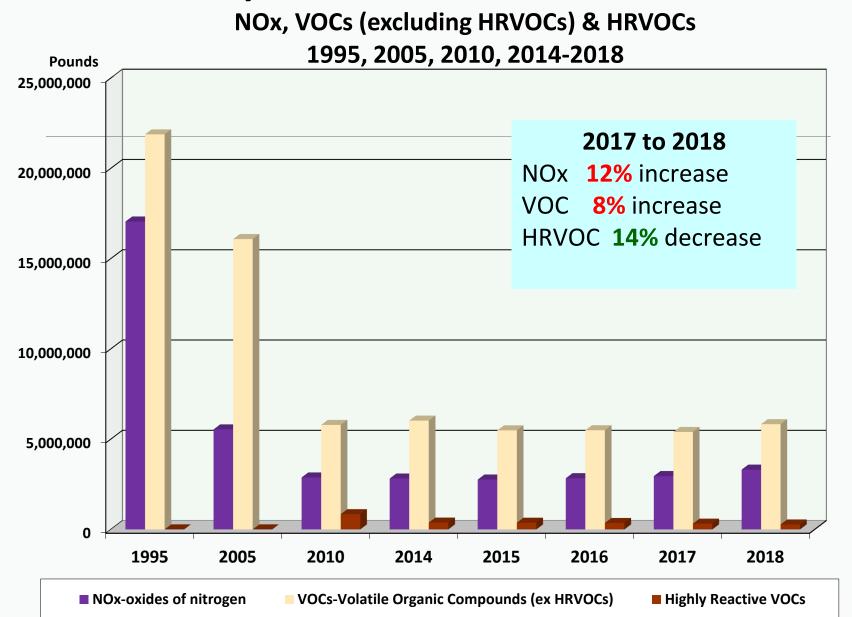
Pasadena Refining (-45,705 lbs.)

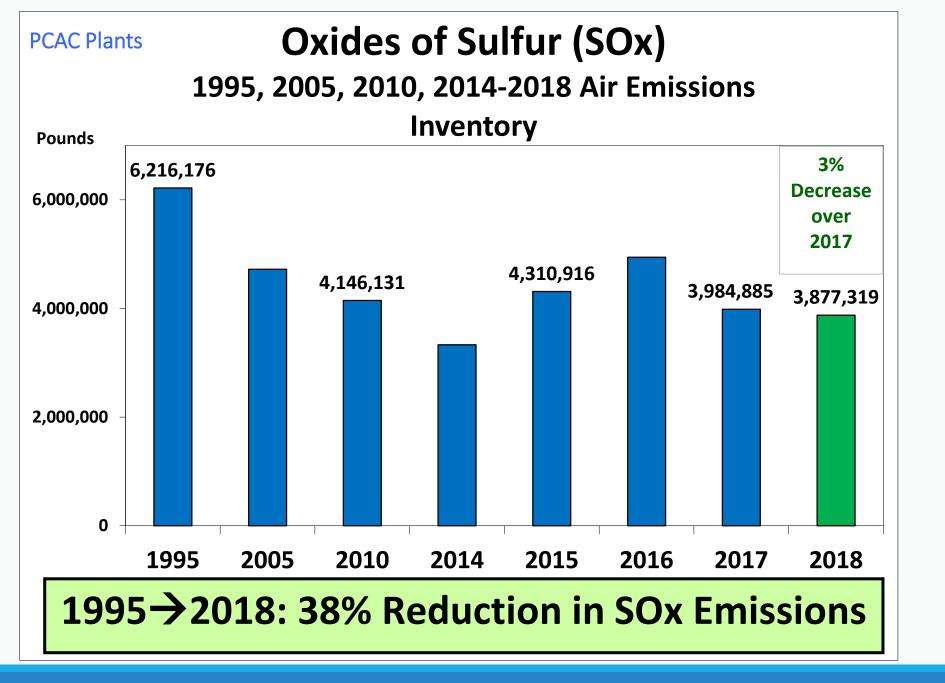
Decrease of emission events involving HRVOCs. Fewer HRVOC compounds sent to the flares. Monitoring data showed decrease of fugitive leaks containing HRVOC compounds.

Albemarle (-5,000 lbs.)

➤ Variability in demand

Summary of Contributors to Ozone Formation





Oxides of Sulfur (SOx) 2018 Significant Changes

Increase

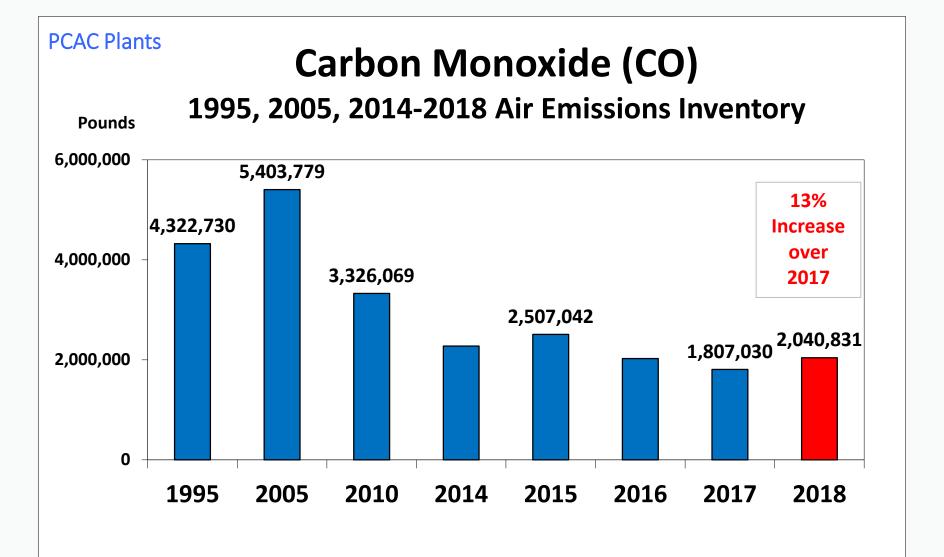
Pasadena Refining (+180,461 lbs.)

Annual operating hours increased in 2018 [A major maintenance turnaround occurred in 2017, as well as Hurricane Harvey. These events reduced operating rates/hours for multiple process units in the refinery during 2017.]

Decrease

LyondellBasell Refinery (-260,178 lbs.)

Primarily from fewer emissions from upsets



1995 -> 2018: 53% Reduction in CO Emissions

Carbon Monoxide (CO) 2018 Significant Changes

<u>Increases</u>

Pasadena Refining (+185,603 lbs.)

Annual operating hours increased in 2018 [A major maintenance turnaround occurred in 2017, as well as Hurricane Harvey. These events reduced operating rates/hours for multiple process units in the refinery during 2017.]

BASF (+83,338 lbs.)

Plant operated for the full year

Decreases

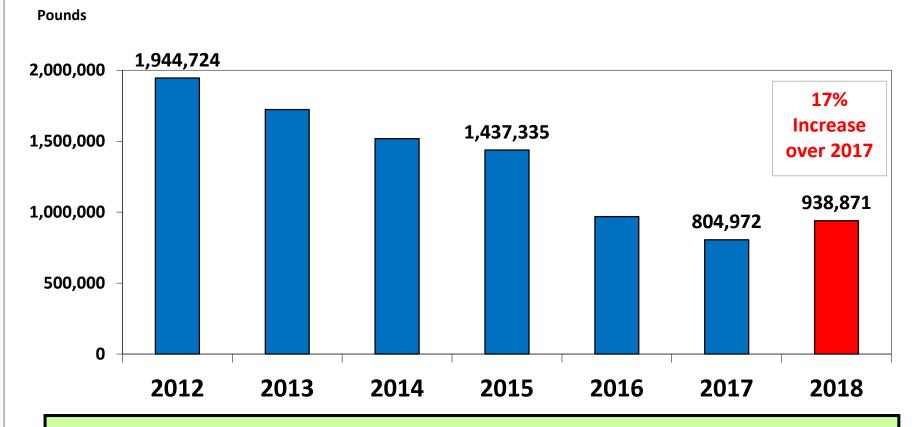
Kinder Morgan Export Terminal (-43,536 lbs.)

> Natural gas usage in Vapor Combustion Units (VCU) reduced in 2018.



Total Suspended Particulates (TSP)

2012-2018 Air Emissions Inventory



2012 -> 2018: 52% Reduction in TSP Emissions

Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) 2018 Significant Changes

<u>Increases</u>

Pasadena Refining (+93,389 lbs.)

Annual operating hours increased in 2018. [A major maintenance turnaround occurred in 2017, as well as Hurricane Harvey. These events reduced operating rates/hours for multiple process units in the refinery during 2017.]

LyondellBasell Refinery (+32,086 lbs.)

FCCU (cat cracker) had turnaround in 2017; corrected prior year number

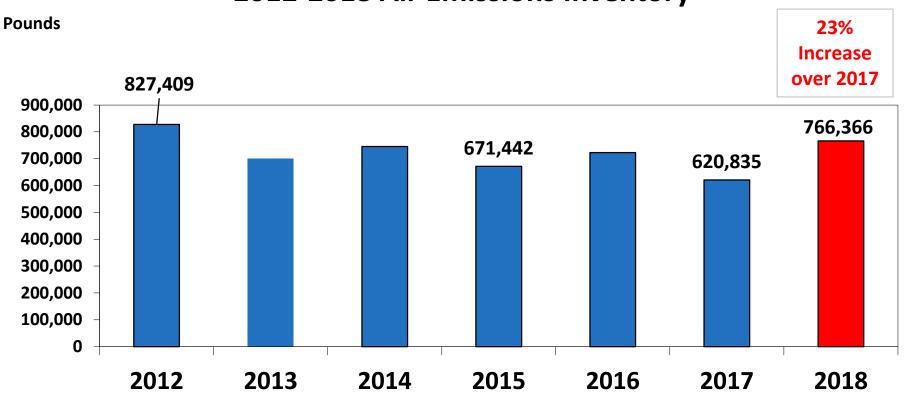
Decreases

Chevron Phillips (-8,385 lbs.)

> Lower than expected solids content in cooling tower water

PCAC Plants

Total Suspended Particulates Reported as PM 2.5 2012-2018 Air Emissions Inventory



2012 -> 2018: 7% Reduction in TSP 2.5 Emissions

PM 2.5 Portion of TSP 2018 Significant Changes

Increases

Pasadena Refining (+87,336 lbs.)

Annual operating hours increased in 2018. [A major maintenance turnaround occurred in 2017, as well as Hurricane Harvey. These events reduced operating rates/hours for multiple process units in the refinery during 2017.]

Albemarle (+33,100 lbs.)

Updated calculation method

LyondellBasell Refinery (+32,901 lbs.)

> FCCU had turnaround in 2017

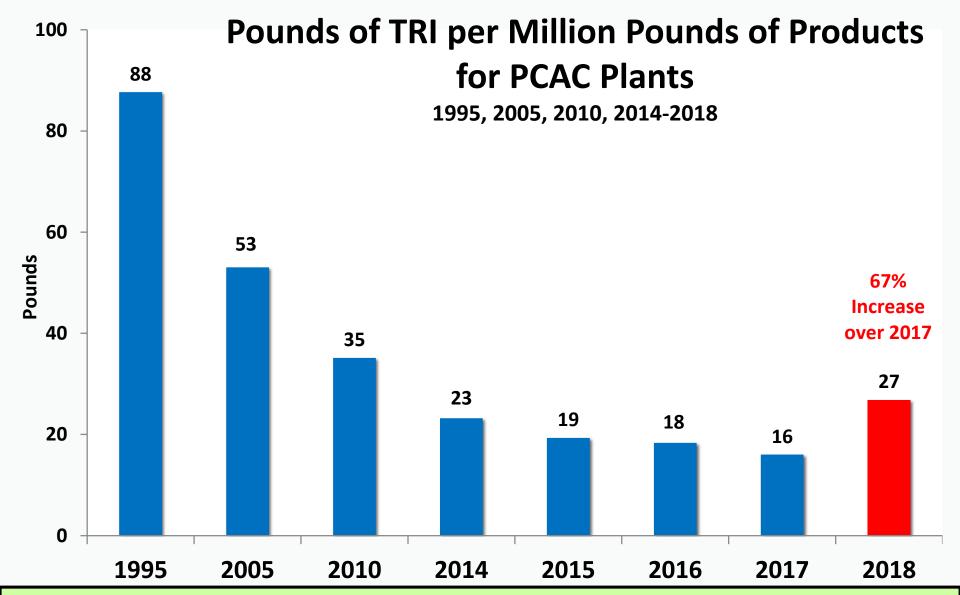
Decrease

Air Products (-6,352 lbs.)

Combination of less production and sale of boiler

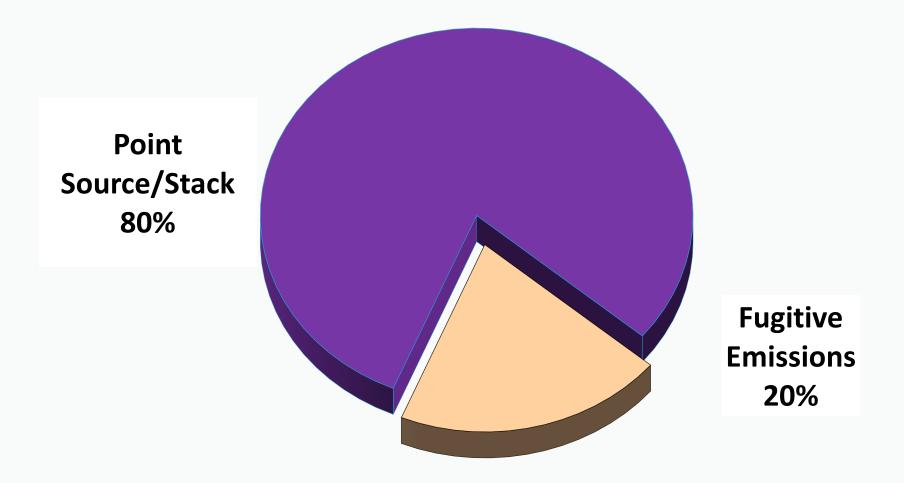
Questions?

EPA Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Trends for PCAC Plants

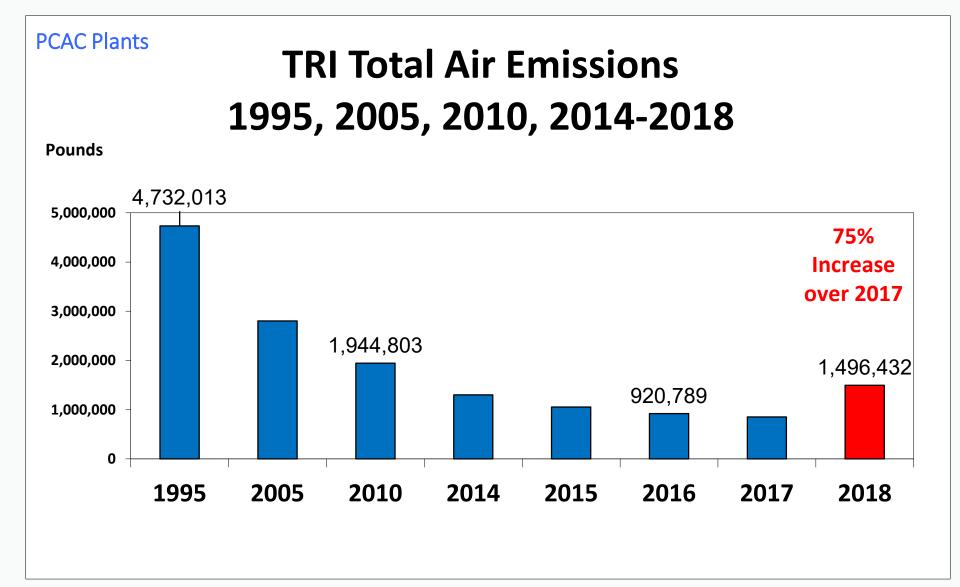


1995→2018: 69% Reduction in Pounds of TRI Emissions per Million Pounds of Product Since 1995, PCAC plants have produced 50-57 billion pounds of product each year.

2018 TRI Emissions by Source



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1995 -> 2018: 68% Reduction in TRI Total Air Emissions

Total TRI Air Emissions 2018 Significant Changes

Increases

Pasadena Refining (+514,388 lbs.)

- ➤ Fugitive: LDAR monitoring data showed decrease of fugitive leaks containing TRI Compounds
- ➤ Point Source/Stack: Increase is primarily from an emission event that occurred in 2018 (temporary); Annual operating hours also increased in 2018 [A major maintenance turnaround occurred in 2017, as well as Hurricane Harvey. These events reduced operating rates/hours for multiple process units in the refinery during 2017.]

INEOS Phenol (+114,065 lbs.)

➤ Point Source/Stack: Heavy rain event, coupled with a leaking valve, led to a significant amount of water on top of the tanks' floating roofs. The rain water overcame the floating roofs and resulted in product on top of the roofs.

Total TRI Air Emissions 2018 Significant Changes

Decreases

Chevron Phillips (-35,447 lbs.)

- Fugitive: Lower leak rates are sustainable process improvements. Eliminating unit upsets and additional repairs made during a planned unit turnaround.
- ➤ Point Source/Stack: Installation of control device reduced emissions.

Comparison With Other CACs 2010 – 2017

BAYCAP (25 plants)

TRI air

- 26%

NOx

- 55%

VOCs

- 27%

Pasadena CAC (18 plants)

TRI air

- 54%

NOx

+ 3%

VOCs

- 15%

Deer Park CAC (14 plants)

TRI air

- 11%

NOx

- 18%

VOCs

- 16%

La Porte CAC (47 Reports)

TRI air

- 26%

NOx

- 7%

VOCs

- 13%

2017 State and County Comparisons

VOCs		NOx			
•	Texas	178,000,000 lbs.	•	Texas	502,000,000 lbs.
•	Harris Co.	31,383,705 lbs.	•	Harris Co.	29,026,390 lbs.
•	PCAC	6,101,020 lbs.	•	PCAC	3,311,697 lbs.

- 3% of state VOC Emissions Inventory from PCAC plants
- 19% of county VOC EI from PCAC plants
- 0.7% of state NOx Emissions Inventory from PCAC plants
- 11% of county NOx El from PCAC plants

Of facilities that reported EI in 2017, 1963 facilities in state, 249 facilities in county, 16 PCAC plants

2018 A Year of More Ups Than Downs All Categories are Down Over Time

INCREASES	
NOx	+12%
VOCs	+ 7%
CO	+13%
TSP	+17%
PM 2.5	+23%
TRI to Air	+75%

DECREASES					
HRVOCs	-14%				
SOx	- 3%				

If You Want to Know More

TCEQ: www.tceq.Texas.gov

EPA TRI Websites

TRI Program Home page: www.epa.gov/tri

TRI Explorer – by zip code, county, facility,

chemical: www.epa.gov/triexplorer

Houston Regional Monitoring: http://hrm.aecom.com/